Knowledge Organiser - Year 2 – Florence Nightingale & Mary Seacole

What I should already know?

That individuals over history have shaped our world over time.

Knowledge – Florence Nightingale.

Florence Nightingale was born in

Florence Nightingale became a nurse in 1853.

In 1854 she made hospitals cleaner for patients and looked after soldiers in the Crimean War and was called 'The lady with the lamp'.

Florence Nightingale wrote many letters and told many people what was wrong with hospitals.

In 1856 she met Queen Victoria who thanked her for hard work.

She set up the Nightingale Training School for nurses in 1860.

Knowledge – Mary Seacole.

Mary was born in 1805.

Her mother was Jamaican and her father was Scottish.

Mary Seacole was a nurse and healer.

She travelled from Jamaica to look after wounded soldiers on the battlefield in the Crimean War in 1855 after she was not allowed to join Florence Nightingale and her nurses.

She set up a hospital called the British Hotel to look after soldiers who liked her and called her 'Mother Seacole'.
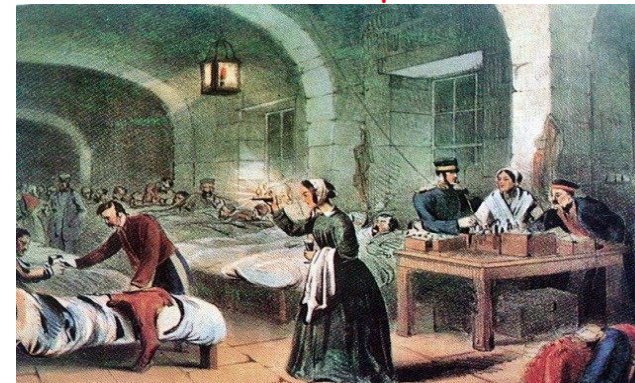
What I will know by the end of this unit?

The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national/international achievements and how aspects of life have changed over time.

Mary Seacole.

Scutari Hospital

Florence Nightingale

Crimean War

Vocabulary

soldier	a person who fights as part of an army when there is a war.
nurse	A person who is trained to care for sick or injured people and who usually works in a hospital.
disease	A condition that causes harm to the health of a person, animal, or plant.
infection	The act or process of passing on or introducing a germ, illness, or disease
Crimean War	A war fought between Russia on one side, and France, the United Kingdom and Turkey on the other side.